# AMENDED IN SENATE SEPTEMBER 3, 1999 AMENDED IN SENATE JULY 15, 1999 AMENDED IN SENATE JUNE 15, 1999 AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY MARCH 17, 1999

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE-1999-2000 REGULAR SESSION

### **ASSEMBLY BILL**

No. 58

# **Introduced by Assembly Member Davis**

(Principal coauthor: Senator Leslie) (Coauthor: Senator Figueroa)

December 7, 1998

An act to add Section 2042 to the Business and Professions Code, relating to physicians and surgeons.—An act to add Sections 2052.1 and 2052.2 to, and to add Chapter 1.6 (commencing with Section 920) to Division 2 of, the Business and Professions Code, relating to health care practitioners.

#### LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 58, as amended, Davis. Physicians and surgeons.

Existing law, the Medical Practice Act, provides for the certification and regulation of physicians and surgeons by the Medical Board of California. Existing law provides that any person who practices medicine, as described, without a valid certificate is guilty of a misdemeanor.

This bill would require any employee of a health care service plan, other than a specialized health care service plan, licensed under the Knox-Keene Health Care Service Plan Act

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of 1975 who is responsible for the final decision regarding the medical necessity or medical appropriateness of any diagnosis, treatment, operation, or prescription to be a holder of a valid, unrevoked, and unsuspended certificate issued pursuant to the Medical Practice Act. By expanding the scope of an existing criminal statute

The bill would also enact the Leslie-Davis-Figueroa Medical Decision Accountability Act of 1999 requiring every health care service plan to employ or designate a medical director who meets specified qualifications.

This bill would also provide that, except as specified, any person who makes a decision regarding medical necessity or appropriateness that denies, significantly delays, terminates, or otherwise limits, in whole or in part any diagnosis, treatment, operation, or prescription without possessing at the time of so doing a valid, unrevoked, or unsuspended certificate to practice medicine is guilty of a misdemeanor.

By creating a new crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. Section 2042 is added to the Business and 2 Professions Code, to read:
- 3 2042. Any employee of a health care service plan
- 4 licensed under Chapter 2.2 (commencing with Section
- 5 1340) of Division 2 of the Health and Safety Code, other
- 6 than a specialized health care service plan, who is
- 7 responsible for the final decision regarding the medical
- 8 necessity or medical appropriateness of any diagnosis,
- 9 treatment, operation, or prescription shall be a holder of

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a valid, unrevoked, and unsuspended certificate issued pursuant to this chapter.

SEC. 2. No reimbursement is required by this act 4 pursuant to Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California 5 Constitution because the only costs that may be incurred 6 by a local agency or school district will be incurred 7 because this act creates a new crime or infraction, 8 eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty 9 for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section 10 17556 of the Government Code, or changes the definition 11 of a crime within the meaning of Section 6 of Article 12 XIII B of the California Constitution.

SECTION 1. Chapter 1.6 (commencing with Section 14 920) is added to Division 2 of the Business and Professions Code. to read:

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## CHAPTER 1.6. LESLIE-DAVIS-FIGUEROA MEDICAL DECISION ACCOUNTABILITY ACT OF 1999

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- 920. This chapter shall be known, and may be cited, Leslie-Davis-Figueroa Medical the Decision Accountability Act of 1999.
- 921. Every health care service plan shall employ or 24 designate a medical director who holds an unrestricted license to practice medicine in this state issued pursuant to Section 2050 of the Business and Professions Code or pursuant to the Osteopathic Act, or, if the plan is a specialized health care service plan, a clinical director with California licensure in a clinical area appropriate to 30 the type of care provided by the specialized health care service plan.
- SEC. 2. Section 2052.1 is added to the Business and 32 33 Professions Code, to read:
- 34 2052.1. (a) Any whomakes decision person 35 regarding medical necessity appropriateness or36 denies, significantly delays, terminates, or otherwise limits, in whole or in part any diagnosis, treatment, operation, or prescription without possessing at the time of so doing a valid, unrevoked, or unsuspended certificate as provided in this chapter is guilty of a misdemeanor.

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if the only (b) However, person appropriately qualified and competent to make such a decision in a particular circumstance holds a valid, unrestricted, or 4 unsuspended license or certificate to practice medicine 5 issued in another state of the United States, then that 6 person may make the decision. In that case, the health plan's medical director shall (1) make a finding in writing only person appropriately qualified 9 competent to make the decision in the particular case 10 holds a license to practice medicine in a state other than 11 California; and (2) provide an explanation in writing of 12 how and why he or she determined that no California 13 licensed medical professional was appropriately qualified 14 and competent to make the decision in the particular The health plan's medical director shall be 15 *case*. 16 answerable to the Medical Board of California for any 17 decisions made by any medical professional without a 18 license to practice medicine in California. Any medical 19 professional licensed in a state other than California who 20 makes a decision under this section shall consent to be 21 subject to the subpoena powers of the State of California 22 in the event that that person's testimony is required in a 23 California proceeding. When a decision is made that care 24 is medically necessary, treatments approved shall be 25 those that are appropriate for the unique meeds of the 26 patient. 27

- (c) This section applies only to the provisions of this chapter, and does not alter or limit any theory of liability or remedy otherwise available at law.
- SEC. 3. Section 2052.2 is added to the Business and 30 31 Professions Code, to read:

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- 2052.2. (a) Nothing 2052.1 shall inSection construed as limiting the practice of other persons or registered under 34 licensed, certified, any other provision of law relating to the healing arts when that 36 person is engaged in his or her authorized and licensed practice, as provided in Section 2061.
- (b) Nothing in Section 2052.1 shall preclude actions 38 39 taken pursuant to Section 1370.4 of the Health and Safety 40 Code or Section 10145.3 of the Insurance Code.

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(c) Nothing in Section 2052.1 shall apply to claim 2 decisions under made automobile, life, disability, malpractice, or homeowners insurance policies.

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- (d) Nothing in Section 2052.1 shall be construed as 5 limiting the exercise of any treatment by prayer, nor as 6 interfering in any way with the practice of religion as set forth in Section 2063.
- (e) Nothing in Section 2052.1 shall apply to claim 9 decisions made pursuant to Division 4 (commencing with 10 Section 3200) of the Labor Code.